

Corporate Identification Number (CIN): U55101KA2012PLC099437 **Regd. Office:** 29th Floor, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram - Rajajinagar, Bangalore - 560 055

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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Badri Palaniappan

Non-Executive Director

Ms. Nirupa Shankar

Non-Executive Director

Ms. Susan Mathew

Independent Director

Mr. Vineet Verma

Non-Executive Director

Ms. R Visalakshi

Non-Executive Director

REGISTERED & CORPORATE OFFICE

29th Floor, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road,

Malleswaram - Rajajinagar,

Bangalore 560 055 Telephone No.: 080 41379200

Email Id.: prosperitahotels@gmail.com

STATUTORY AUDITORS

Messrs. Brahmayya & Co.,

Chartered Accountants 48, Masilamani Road, Balaji Nagar

Royapettah, Chennai - 600014

INTERNAL AUDITORS

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu India LLP Level 2, Prestige Nebula 8-14 Cubbon Road Bangalore- 560001

BANKER

The Federal Bank Limited

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Eleventh Annual General Meeting of SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited will be held on Monday, July 31, 2023 at 10.00 a.m. at the Training Room, 29th Floor, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1 Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bangalore – 560055 to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 including the Audited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023 and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date together with the report of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon:
 - "RESOLVED THAT the Audited Financial Statements of the Company including the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date, notes to Financial Statements, report of the Board and Auditors' thereon be and are hereby received, considered and adopted."
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Nirupa Shankar (DIN: 02750342)who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), Ms. Nirupa Shankar (DIN: 02750342), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

Place: Bangalore Date: May 11, 2023

Registered Office 29th Floor, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bangalore - 560 055

CIN: U55101KA2012PLC099437

By order of the Board For SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited

> Vineet Verma Director DIN: 06362115

NOTES AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM

- 1. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON HIS/ HER BEHALF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013, a person can act as a proxy on behalf of not more than fifty members and holding in aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company. Members holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the company may appoint a single person as proxy, who shall not act as proxy for any other Member.
- 2. The instrument of proxy, in order to be effective, should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company duly completed and signed, not later than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting. A proxy form is annexed to this Report. Proxies submitted on behalf of corporates, limited liability partnerships, societies etc. must be supported by an appropriate resolution/authority, as applicable.
- 3. Members / proxies should bring the duly filled Attendance Slip enclosed herewith to attend the meeting.
- 4. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, and The Register of Contracts or Arrangements maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection by the members at the Annual General Meeting.
- 5. The Route Map of the venue of the meeting is annexed to this Notice.
- 6. In case of joint holders attending the AGM, the member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of the names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote.
- 7. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, and The Register of Contracts or Arrangements maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection by the members electronically during the meeting. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an e-mail to prosperitahotels@gmail.com
- 8. Members are requested to convert physical shareholding if any to electronic mode pursuant to notification dated September 10, 2018 issued by The Ministry of Corporate Affairs for public limited companies and hence are requested to direct change of address notifications and updates of savings bank account details to their respective Depository Participant(s). The Company had also previously sent communication to all the shareholders in this regard.
- 9. The details of the ISIN (International Securities Identification Number) of the Company is as follows:

Company	ISIN	Name of the Instrument
SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Ltd	INE03S801011	Equity Shares

10. Members are requested to send all communications relating to Shares to our Registrar and Share Transfer Agents at the following address:

KFIN Technologies Limited

Selenium Tower B, Plot no.31 & 32, Financial District

Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad - 500 032

Ph No.: +91 40 6716 2222

Email: hanumantha.patri@kfintech.com

11. All documents referred to in the Notice will be available for inspection during normal business hours on working days up to the date of the Annual General Meeting.

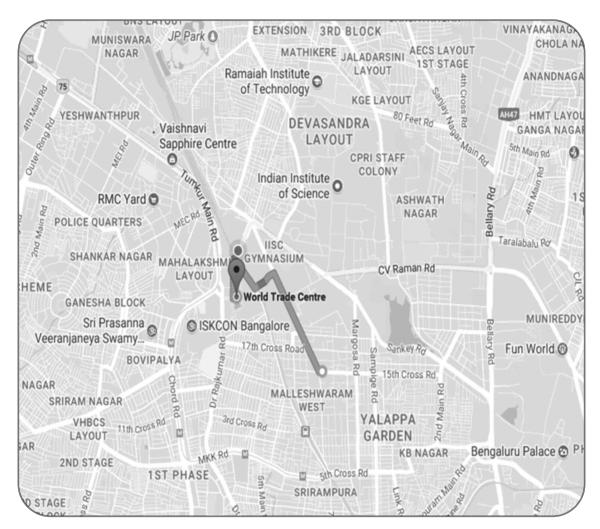


CIN: U55101KA2012PLC099437 29th Floor, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bangalore – 560 055

ATTENDANCE SLIP

Registered Folio No/Client ID.:		No. of Shares:	
DPID.:			
I / We certify that I / We, am / are the member / proxy f	or the Member of	the Company.	
I hereby record my presence at the Eleventh Annual July 31, 2023 at 10.00 a.m. at the Training Room, 29 th F 26/1 Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bar	Floor, World Trade		-
Name of the Member/Proxy			
Note: Please fill up attendance slip and hand it over a hall. Members are requested to bring the copies of the		_	Affix Revenue Stamp

Route Map to the Eleventh Annual General Meeting







CIN: U55101KA2012PLC099437 29th Floor, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bangalore – 560 055

FORM NO. MGT-11 - PROXY FORM

[Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

Name of the	member(s)	
Registered a	ddress	
E-mail Id		
Folio No/ Cli	ent Id	
DP Id		
I/We, being th	ne member(s) o	fShares of SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited, hereby
1. Name	:	
Address	:	
E-mail ID	:	
Signature	:	, or failing him
2. Name	:	
Address	:	
Signature	:	, or failing him
3. Name	:	
Address	:	
E-mail ID	:	
Signature	:	

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Eleventh Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Monday, July 31, 2023 at 10.00 a.m. at the Training Room, 29th Floor, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1 Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bangalore – 560055 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Resolution	Resolutions	Vote	
Number	Resolutions	For	Against
Ordinary Bu	siness		
1	Adoption of Annual Accounts and Reports thereon for the financial year ended March 31, 2023		
2	Re-appointment of Ms. Nirupa Shankar (DIN: 02750342), as a Director liable to retire by rotation		

Signature of Shareholder	Signature of Proxy holder(s)

Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

Affix Revenue Stamp

BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members

We have pleasure in presenting the Eleventh Annual Report on business and operations of the Company together with the Audited Statement of Accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Total Income	5,235.28	2,331.53
Total Expenses	5,034.59	3,719.73
Profit/(Loss) before tax and Exceptional Items	200.69	(1,388.20)
Exceptional Items: Stamp Duty payable on Scheme of Arrangement (Demerger)	-	167.62
Profit/ (Loss) before tax and after exceptional items	200.69	(1,555.82)
Provision for:		
Deferred Tax	50.29	(310.43)
Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax	150.40	(1,245.39)
Other Comprehensive income	4.55	7.40
Total Comprehensive income for the year	154.95	(1,237.99)

FINANCIAL & OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW:

The overall hospitality sector has witnessed a substantial increase in revenue leading to profitability at both operating and net levels. This has turned favorable for your Company as well. The total revenues as on March 31, 2023 stood at Rs. 5235.28 lakhs as compared to Rs. 2,331.53 lakhs in the previous year, an increase of 125%. This is due to the increase in the overall occupancy and an increase in average room rates as well. Your Company has also witnessed a substantial increase in total expenses during the year ended March 31, 2023 which stood at Rs. 5034.59 lakhs as compared to Rs. 3,719.73 lakhs in the previous year i.e. an increase by 35% which is primarily due to the increase in the overall occupancy levels in the hotel.

Your Company has earned a profit of Rs. 154.95 lakhs as compared to a loss of Rs. (1,237.9) lakhs incurred in the previous year.

The occupancy and average room revenue is showing an increasing trend and we expect the operations to be at the pre-covid levels in the near future.

SUBSIDIARIES/ JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES:

Your Company is a subsidiary of Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited. Brigade Enterprises Limited is the Ultimate Holding Company. There are no subsidiaries / associates during the year.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES & DIVIDEND:

During the year under review, the Company has not transferred any amount to reserves or recommended any dividend for the year ended on March 31, 2023.

FIXED DEPOSITS:

The Company has not accepted any deposits in terms of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014, during the year and accordingly, no amount is outstanding as on the Balance Sheet date.

SHARE CAPITAL:

As at March 31, 2023, the paid up share capital was Rs. 36,34,32,200/- (Rupees Thirty-Six Crore Thirty-Four Lakhs Thirty-Two Thousand Two Hundred Only) comprising of:

- 1. Rs. 40,32,200 (Forty Lakhs Thirty Two Thousand Two Hundred Only) divided into 4,03,220 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each.
- 2. Rs. 32,94,00,000 (Thirty Two Crores Ninety Four Lakhs Only) divided into 32,94,000 0.01% A Series Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares of Rs.100/- each.
- 3. Rs. 3,00,00,000 (Three Crores Only) divided into 3,00,000 0.01% B Series Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares Rs.100/- each.

There was no change in the paid up share capital during the year under review.

DEBENTURES:

As on March 31, 2023 the Company has:

- 3,11,590 0.01% Unsecured Unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures of Rs. 100/- each
- 2,00,000 0.01% A Series Unsecured Unlisted Non Convertible Debentures of Rs. 100/- each

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of 5 (Five) Directors of which 4 (Four) are Non-Executive Directors and 1 (One) being Independent Director. The composition of the Board of Directors is in due compliance of the Companies Act, 2013.

Sl. No.	Name of the Director	DIN	Designation
1	Ms. Susan Mathew	00517738	Independent Director
2	Mrs. Visalakshi Ramanathan	01692499	Non-Executive Director
3	Mr. Badri Palaniappan	01692531	Non-Executive Director
4.	Ms. Nirupa Shankar	02750342	Non-Executive Director
5.	Mr. Vineet Verma	06362115	Non-Executive Director

In accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and the provisions of Section 152(6)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013, Ms. Nirupa Shankar (DIN: 02750342), Director of the Company will retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers herself for reappointment. None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified under Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

BOARD MEETINGS:

During the year under review, the Board of Directors of the Company met 4 (Four) times on the following dates:

Dates on which Board Meetings were Held	Total Strength of the Board	No. of Directors Present
April 29, 2022	5 (Five)	5 (Five)
July 19, 2022	5 (Five)	5 (Five)
October 21, 2022	5 (Five)	5 (Five)
January 23, 2023	5 (Five)	5 (Five)

ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS AT BOARD MEETINGS AND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING:

The Board of Directors of the Company have attended the Board & Annual General Meeting the details of which are as follows:

Name of the Director	Board meetings attended in the financial year 2022-23	Attendance in the 10 th Annual General Meeting held on Thursday, August 11, 2022
Ms. Nirupa Shankar	4 (Four)	Yes
Mr. Vineet Verma	4 (Four)	Yes
Mr. Badri Palaniappan	4 (Four)	Yes
Mrs. Visalakshi Ramanathan	4 (Four)	Yes
Ms. Susan Mathew	4 (Four)	Yes

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The composition of the Audit Committee as at March 31, 2023 is as under and is in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of the Committee Members	Designation
Mr. Vineet Verma	Chairman
Mr. Badri Palaniappan	Member
Ms. Susan Mathew	Member

During the year 2022-23, the Audit Committee met 4 times. The dates on which the said meetings were held are as follows:

Dates on which Audit Committee Meetings were Held	Members Present
April 29, 2022	3 (Three)
July 19, 2022	3 (Three)
October 21, 2022	3 (Three)
January 23, 2023	3 (Three)

The composition of the Audit Committee and the details of meetings attended by its Members are given below:

SI No.	Name of the Directors	Designation	No. of Committee Meetings during the year 2022-23		
		Held	Attended		
1	Mr. Vineet Verma	Chairman	4 (Four)	4 (Four)	
2	Mr. Badri Palaniappan	Member	4 (Four)	4 (Four)	
3	Ms. Susan Mathew	Member	4 (Four)	4 (Four)	

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as at March 31, 2023 is as under and the same is in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013:

Name of the Committee Members	Designation
Mr. Vineet Verma	Chairman
Mr. Badri Palaniappan	Member
Ms. Nirupa Shankar	Member

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Committee.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee met once during the year. The date on which the said meeting was held was April 29, 2022

The details of meetings attended by its members are given below:

SI No.	Name of the Committee Member	No. of Commit Designation during the y			
		Held	Attended		
1	Mr. Vineet Verma	Chairman	1	1	
2	Mr. Badri Palaniappan	Member	1	1	
3	Ms. Nirupa Shankar	Member	1	1	

POLICY ON DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION:

The Directors of the Company are appointed by the members at Annual General Meetings in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder. During the year under review Rs. 1,20,000/- has been paid as sitting fees to an Independent Director for attending the Board Meetings of the Company.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

The Board of Directors hereby confirms that:

a) in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;

- b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e) there are proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws werein place and were adequate and operating effectively.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

Mr. Ananda Natarajan is the Chief Financial Officer of the Company as on March 31, 2023.

Mr. Thirumanan R is the Manager of the Company as on March 31, 2023.

Ms. Parekh Niddhi R is the Company Secretary of the Company as on March 31, 2023.

Ms. Parekh Niddhi R has resigned with effect from April 8, 2023.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

There are no employees in the Company who are in receipt of remuneration in excess of the limits prescribed in section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rule 5(2) & 5(3) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 during the year.

STATUTORY AUDITORS:

The members of the Company at the Tenth Annual General Meeting held on August 11, 2022, had approved the re-appointment of M/s. Brahmayya & Co., Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration No. 000511S) Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years i.e., from the conclusion of the tenth Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the fifteenth Annual General Meeting, in terms of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Statutory Auditors' Report for the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 which require any explanation from the Board of Directors.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT:

The Board of Directors of the Company have appointed Mr. S. Ravishankar, Practising Company Secretary (CP No. 6584) to conduct the Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2022-23 and his Report on Company's Secretarial Audit is appended as **Annexure-1** to this Report.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the Financial Statements.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

The related party transactions undertaken during the financial year 2022-23 as detailed in Notes to Accounts of the financial Statements and which are carried at arms' length basis and in the normal course of business.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS:

There were no material changes and commitments for the period under review, which significantly affects the financial position of the Company.

SIGNIFICANT OR MATERIAL ORDERS

During the financial year under review, no significant and material Orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in the future.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEM:

The Company has an adequate internal financial control system in place with reference to the financial statements. During the year under review, these controls were evaluated and no significant weaknesses were identified either in the design or operation of the controls.

RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Board of Directors have been entrusted with the responsibility for establishing policies to monitor and evaluate risk management systems of the Company. The Board reviews the same in the Board Meetings regularly and the Internal Audit exercise aids the Board in this evaluation exercise.

The business risks identified are reviewed and a detailed action plan to mitigate identified risks is drawn up and its implementation monitored. The key risks and mitigation actions were also placed before the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company on a periodic basis.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

The provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company as on March 31, 2023.

BOARD EVALUATION:

The annual evaluation of the performance of the Board, its committees and of individual Directors of the Company for the Financial Year 2022-23 has been carried out as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:

The Company is engaged in the service sector, has limited scope for energy conservation. Emphasis is being laid on employing techniques which result in conservation of energy. At the workplace, emphasis is more on installation of energy efficient lights and using natural light to a maximum extent.

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION: NIL

C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

During the year under review, the Company has earned foreign exchange income of Rs. 3,23,48,733/- and has also incurred foreign currency expenditure of Rs. 67,45,877/-.

HUMAN RESOURCES:

Many initiatives have been taken to support business through organizational efficiency, process change support and various employee engagement programmes. As on March 31, 2023, your Company has 134 employees.

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Company has a policy for Prevention of Sexual Harassment in the organization and has an "Internal Committee" for redressal of complaints on sexual harassment of women at work place in accordance with the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition, and Redressal) Act, 2013 and relevant rules thereunder. During the period under review, there were no such instances reported in the Company.

DISCLOSURES:

- Company has complied with all applicable mandatory Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.
- Pursuant to Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to maintain any cost records.
- No frauds were reported by the Auditors as specified under Section 143 of the Companies Act 2013 for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.
- There were no significant or material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year till the date of this report.
- There is no change in the nature of the business of the Company.
- There are no differential voting rights shares issued by the Company.
- There were no sweat equity shares issued by the Company.
- There are no Corporate Insolvency proceedings initiated against the company under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC).

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

The Directors wish to place on record their appreciation and sincere thanks to all the stakeholders for the continued support and patronage.

Place: Bangalore Date: May 11, 2023 By order of the Board For SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited

Vineet Verma Badri Palaniappan Director Director DIN: 06362115 DIN: 01692531

ANNEXURE 1

Form No. MR-3

Secretarial Audit Report

(For the financial Year ended March 31, 2023)

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To.

The Members,

SRP PROSPERITA HOTEL VENTURES LIMITED

29th Floor, World Trade Centre, Brigade Gateway Campus 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar Bangalore – 560055

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period ended on March 31, 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited ("The Company") for the financial year ended on 31-03-2023 according to the provisions of:

- I. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- II. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;*
- III. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- IV. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment & Downstream Regulations;*
- V. The Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') is not applicable to the company as the company has not listed any of its securities on any Stock Exchange.
- VI. During the period the Company has complied with the following Acts & regulations: -
 - 1. Tamil Nadu Catering Establishment Rules
 - 2. Tamil Nadu Contract Labour Rules
 - 3. Food Safety and Standards Authority of India

The provisions relating to Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, Gratuity Act, and Employees State Insurance Act.

We have placed our reliance on the Statutory Audit Report and the Internal Audit report for the compliances of the following: -

- 1. Income Tax Act.
- 2. Goods and Service Tax Act,
- 3. Customs Act and other allied Taxation Laws.
- 4. Contract labour regulation Act.
- 5. Payroll processing & HR policies compliances

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. (SS - 1 & SS - 2)

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards etc., mentioned above.

*These Laws/Rules/Regulations are not applicable as the Company is an Unlisted Public Limited Company and does not have Foreign Direct Investment.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that:

There are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that:

During the period under review following changes took place:

i. Redesignation of Ms. Nirupa Shankar, Mr. Badri Palaniappan and Ms. Ramanathan Visalakshi as Non-executive Promoter Directors of the company with effect from October 21, 2022.

We verify/certify that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the SEBI/MCA or any such statutory authority.

Place: Bangalore Date: May 11, 2023 For ASR & Co, Company Secretaries

S. Ravishankar FCS: 6888 CP No: 6584

UDIN: F006888E000290017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To The Members of SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

1. Opinion

- 1.1 We have audited the financial statements of SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2023, and the statement of Profit and Loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information ("the financial statements").
- 1.2 In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the Profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

2 Basis for Opinion

2.1 We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

3 Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- 3.1 The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.
- 3.2 Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 3.3 In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

4 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

- 4.1 The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 4.2 In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 4.3 Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.
- 5 Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements
- 5.1 Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 5.2 As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - a. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - b. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - c. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- d. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 5.3 We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 5.4 We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

6 Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 6.1 As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 6.2 As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended:
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - f. with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
 - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 31 to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 31 to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement and
- v. No dividend is declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For **BRAHMAYYA & CO.**, Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 000511S

Place: Chennai Date: May 11, 2023 K Jitendra Kumar Partner

Membership No: 201825 UDIN No: 23201825BGUKCY4584

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Annexure - A to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, to the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE).
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) As explained to us, the PPE are physically verified by the management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. The physically verification of PPE have been conducted by the management during the preceding previous year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its PPE (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The Management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its inventory and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed on physical verification.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs.5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable
- (iii) (a) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity during the year, and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The investments made prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest. The Company has not provided any guarantees and loans to any parties and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(b) 3(iii)(c) 3(iii)(e) and 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iv) The company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013, with respect to the loans and investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- (v) The Company has accepted Unsecured Unlisted Non– Convertible redeemable debentures from its member and has complied with the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 and other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder to the extent applicable. Further, no order has been passed by Company Law Board (CLB) or National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) or Reverse Bank of India or any court or any other Tribunal against the Company.

- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the records of the Company, the Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Sales tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs, duty of excise, Value added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
 - (b) Based on our audit procedures and on the information and explanations given by the Management, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2023 on account of disputes.
- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has applied term loans for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) There are no subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(e) and 3(ix) (f) of the Order is not applicable
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x) (b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) No material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) The transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- (xiv) (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them.
- (xvi) (a) In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash loss during the year and the Company has incurred cash loss immediately preceding financial year of Rs.454.79 Lakhs.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) (a) In our opinion section 135(5) of the Act is not applicable to the company. Hence reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In our opinion section 135(6) of the Act is not applicable to the company. Hence reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xxi) (a) The company is not having any subsidiaries and therefore not required to draw any consolidated financial statements. Hence, the reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable.

For **BRAHMAYYA & CO.,** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 000511S

Place: Chennai Date: May 11, 2023 **K Jitendra Kumar** Partner

Membership No: 201825

UDIN No: 23201825BGUKCY4584

Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

1. Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

2. Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

3. Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made

only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

4. Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

5. Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **BRAHMAYYA & CO.,** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 000511S

Place: Chennai Date: May 11, 2023 K Jitendra Kumar Partner

Membership No: 201825

UDIN No: 23201825BGUKCY4584

Balance Sheet for Year Ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
ASSETS			
Non-current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3A	10,132.74	11,796.48
Intangible Assets	3B	9.64	15.89
Capital Work in Progress	3C	4.09	
Financial Assets			
Investments	4	5.62	0.90
Other Financial Asset	5	314.89	296.97
Deferred Tax Asset (net)	6	2,245.13	2,297.17
Current Tax Assets (Net)		115.89	87.58
Other non-current assets	7	85.08	95.18
Total Non current Assets		12,913.08	14,590.17
Current Assets			
Inventories	8	47.03	34.48
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	9	344.62	273.22
Cash and cash equivalents	10	106.39	122.27
Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	11	0.26	0.26
Other financial assets	12	40.08	5.92
Other current assets	12	89.12	123.47
Total Current Assets		627.50	559.62
TOTAL ASSETS		13,540.58	15,149.79

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	13	40.32	40.32
Instruments entirely equity in nature	13	3,594.00	3,594.00
Other equity	14	561.01	406.06
		4,195.33	4,040.38

LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	15	6,466.03	8,489.29
Other financial Liabilities	16	24.17	-
Long Term Provisions	19	24.98	18.11
Deferred tax liabilities (net)			-
		6,515.18	8,507.40
Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	15	2,286.33	2,035.72
Trade payables			
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	17	21.16	15.46
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises		80.14	75.16
Other current Financial liabilities	18	390.39	410.60
Other Current liabilities	16	51.13	64.54
Short Term Provisions	19	0.92	0.53
Liabilities for current tax (net)		-	-
		2,830.07	2,602.01
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		13,540.58	15,149.79

Significant Accounting Policies

2

The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Report of even date annexed

For **BRAHMAYYA & Co.** Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No: 000511S

K. Jitendra Kumar

Partner

Membership No: 201825

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited

Vineet Verma Director DIN: 06362115

Thirumanan R Manager Badri Palaniappan Director

DIN: 01692531

Ananda Natarajan Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 11, 2023

Place: Chennai Date: May 11, 2023

Profit & Loss Statements for Year Ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Revenue from operations	20	4,819.23	2,308.30
Other income	21	416.05	23.23
Total Income		5,235.28	2,331.53
Expenses			
Food and beverages consumed	22	381.82	197.51
Employee benefits expense	23	774.23	414.88
Depreciation and amortization expense	24	907.11	1,072.44
Finance costs	25	986.96	890.32
Other expenses	26	1,984.47	1,144.58
Total expenses		5,034.59	3,719.73
Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional items & Taxes		200.69	(1,388.20)
Exceptional items - Stamp duty payable on Scheme of Arrangement		-	167.62
(Demerger)		200.69	(1,555.82)
Tax expense			
Deferred tax		50.29	(310.43)
Total tax expense		50.29	(310.43)
Profit / (Loss) for the Period		150.40	(1,245.39)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not to be reclassified to profit or loss in sub	sequent peri	ods:	
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans		6.31	10.25
Income tax relating to above		(1.76)	(2.85)
Other comprehensive income ('OCI')		4.55	7.40
Total comprehensive income for the year (comprising profit and OCI for the year)		154.95	(1,237.99)
"Earnings Per Equity Share - (for Continuing operation) [no	ominal value	of share Rs.10 (March	31, 2022: : Rs.10]"
Basic (Rs.)		37.30	(308.86)
Diluted (Rs.)		37.30	(308.86)

Significant Accounting Policies

2 The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Report of even date annexed

For BRAHMAYYA & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn No: 000511S

K. Jitendra Kumar

Partner Membership No: 201825

Place: Chennai Date: May 11, 2023 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of **SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited**

Vineet Verma Badri Palaniappan Director Director DIN: 06362115 DIN: 01692531

Thirumanan R Ananda Natarajan Chief Financial Officer Manager

> Place: Bengaluru Date: May 11, 2023

Cash Flow Statements for Year Ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit / (Loss) before Tax		200.69	(1,555.77)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and Amortization		907.11	1,072.46
Provision for Leave Encashment & Gratuity		13.57	5.47
Gain/Loss on sale of PPE		(380.33)	-
Interest Income		(18.22)	(20.81)
Lease income		(1.17)	
Interest Expenses		986.96	890.32
Cash Generated Before Working Capital Changes		1,708.61	391.67
Movements in working capital :			
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables		10.68	6.94
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities		(22.43)	4.58
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		10.96	31.90
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables		(71.40)	(209.74)
(Increase)/Decrease in other Non- current assets		2.46	27.27
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories		(12.55)	(4.88)
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Financial Assets		(40.35)	0.26
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Assets		34.32	0.17
Cash Generated From Operations		1,620.30	248.17
Direct taxes paid, net		(28.31)	46.34
Net Cash Flow From / (Used in) Operating Activities - A		1,591.99	294.51
		1	,
CASH FLOW FROM / (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Assets		(19.85)	(4.26)
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		1,166.65	-
Purchase of Non Current Investments - Others		(4.72)	-
Fixed deposit Redeemed		2.32	3.29
Interest Income Received		4.16	6.76
Net Cash Flow From / (Used in) Investing Activities - B		1,148.56	5.79

Cash and cash Equivalent (as per Note 10)	106.39	122.27
Cheques, Drafts on hand	-	-
-On Deposit Accounts		
-On Current Accounts	102.23	116.97
Balances with Banks		
Cash and cheques on Hand	4.16	5.30
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents		
		·
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	106.39	122.27
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	122.27	253.84
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	(15.88)	(131.57)
Net Cash Flow From / (Used in) Financing Activities - C	(2,756.43)	(431.87)
Interest Paid	(941.28)	(968.89)
Repayment of Long Term Borrowings	(2,514.22)	(1,150.72)
Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings	648.01	2,012.36
Proceeds from/(to) Short - Term Borrowings (Net)	51.06	(324.62)
Proceeds from issue of Non Convertible Debenture		
Proceeds from issue of Convertible Preference Shares	-	-
CASH FLOW FROM / (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		

Disclosure under Para 44A as set out in Ind As 7 on cash flow statements under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended)

		Non Cash Changes				
Particulars of liabilities arising from financing activity	Note No.	As at March 31, 2022	Net cash flows	Other changes	Fair value adjustment	As at March 31, 2023
Issue of Non Convertible Debenture		354.12	-	42.50	-	396.62
Short - Term Borrowings		187.46	51.06			238.52
Long Term Borrowings		9,983.43	(1,866.21)	-		8,117.22
Interest accrued on borrowings		(0.00)	0.00	2,307.00		2,307.00
		10,525.01	(1,815.15)	2,349.50	-	11,059.36

Significant Accounting Policies

2

The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Report of even date annexed

For BRAHMAYYA & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn No: 000511S

K. Jitendra Kumar Partner

Membership No: 201825

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of **SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited**

Vineet Verma Director DIN: 06362115

Thirumanan R Manager

Badri Palaniappan Director

DIN: 01692531

Ananda Natarajan Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 11, 2023

Place: Chennai Date: May 11, 2023

Statement of Changes in Equity as on March 31, 2023

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Statement of Changes in Equity as on March 31, 2023

A. Equity share capital:		
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital	Number	Rs.
Equity shares of Rs.10 each:		
As at 31 March 2021	4,03,220	40.32
Issued during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	4,03,220	40.32
Issued during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	4,03,220	40.32

B. Other equity									
Particulars	Equity component of compound financial Instruments	Reserves and surplus							
		Securities Premium Reserve	Capital Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Capital Replacement Reserve	Retained earnings	Other comprehensive income	Fair value of debentures	Total
As at 31 March 2021	-	8,554.07	0.83	829.06	91.41	(8,010.39)	19.28	159.73	1,643.99
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-		(1,245.33)			(1,245.33)
Fair value of Non Convertible Debentures issued during the year		-	-						-
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-			7.40		7.40
As at March 31, 2022	-	8,554.07	0.83	829.06	91.41	(9,255.72)	26.68	159.73	406.06
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-		150.40			150.40
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-			4.55		4.55
Transfer from retained earnings		-	-			31.23	(31.23)		-
As at March 31, 2023	-	8,554.07	0.83	829.06	91.41	(9,074.09)	0.00	159.73	561.01

"Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provision of the Companies Act."

Revalution Reseve is the amount transferred pursuant to Demerger.

As per our Report of even date annexed

For **BRAHMAYYA & Co.** Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No: 000511S

K. Jitendra Kumar Partner Membership No: 201825

Place: Chennai Date: May 11, 2023 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited

Vineet VermaBadri PalaniappanDirectorDirectorDIN: 06362115DIN: 01692531

Thirumanan RAnanda NatarajanManagerChief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 11, 2023

SRP PROSPERITA HOTEL VENTURES LIMITED

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for Period Ended March 31, 2023

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Note 1. Corporate Information

SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated on September 20, 2012, under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The registered office of the Company is located at 29th Floor, World Trade Centre, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram- Rajajinagar, Bangalore 560 055.

The Company is carrying on the business of owning and operating hotels.

The financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on May 11, 2023.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

The amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to nearest lakhs as per the requirement of schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements are presented in Indian currency (INR), being the functional and presentation currency. Being the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operate.

Current versus non-current classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- · Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- · Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading

- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has evaluated and considered its operating cycle as One year and accordingly has reclassified its assets and liabilities into current and non-current:

Assets and liabilities, other than those discussed above, are classified as current to the extent they are expected to be realized/ are contractually repayable within 12 months from the Balance sheet date and as non-current, in other cases.

Deferred tax assets/ liabilities are classified as non-current assets/ liabilities.

(b) Foreign Currency Translation and transactions:

Initial recognition -

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Conversion -

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

Exchange differences -

The Company accounts for exchange differences arising on translation/ settlement of foreign currency monetary items as income or as expense in the period in which they arise.

(c) Property, Plant and Equipment:

Freehold land is carried at deemed cost. All other items of Property, plant and equipment are stated at deemed cost/cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

All property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Cost includes the acquisition cost or the cost of construction, including duties and taxes (other than those refundable), expenses directly related to the location of assets and making them operational for their intended use and, in the case of qualifying assets, the attributable borrowing costs (refer note no. 2(o) below).

Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

An assets' carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater that its estimated recoverable amount.

Depreciation is calculated on written down value basis using the following useful lives estimated by the management, which are equal to those prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013

Nature of Asset	Useful life under Schedule II (in years)	Useful life under Schedule II (in days)
Building	60 Years	21900
Computer Equipment's	3 Years	1095
Computer Server	6 Years	2190
Electrical & Electronics	10 Years	3650
Furniture and Fixture	8 Years	2920
Office Equipment's	5 Years	1825
Plant and Machinery	15 Years	5475
Plant and Equipment	5 Years	1825
Motor Vehicle	8 Years	2920

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital work in progress represents projects under which the property, plant and equipment's are not yet ready for their intended use and are carried at cost determined as aforesaid.

(d) Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets include deemed cost/cost of acquired software. Intangible assets are initially measured at acquisition cost including any directly attributable costs of preparing the asset for its intended use.

Expenditure on projects which are not yet ready for intended use are carried as intangible assets under development.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their estimated useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation periods are reviewed and impairment evaluations are carried out at least once a year. The intangible assets are amortised based on estimated useful life using written down value method. The estimated useful life are as under:

Nature of Asset	Useful life under Schedule II (in years)	Useful life under Schedule II (in days)
Computer Software	6 Years	2190
Computer Software-I	3 Years	1095

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use of disposal. Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

(e) Impairment of assets:

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

(f) Assets taken on lease:

Leases are classified as finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All the other leases are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments are recognized as expenditure in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis, unless another basis is more representative of the time pattern of benefits received from the use of the assets taken on lease or the payments of lease rentals are in line with the expected general inflation compensating the lessor for expected inflationary cost. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Assets held under finance lease are capitalised at the inception of the lease, with corresponding liability being recognised for the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between the reduction of the lease liability and finance charges in the statement of Profit or Loss to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Where the Company is the lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases.

Lease income from operating lease is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease including lease income on fair value of refundable security deposits, unless the lease agreement explicitly states that increase is on account of inflation. Costs, including depreciation, are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

(g) Inventories:

Stock of food and beverages, stores and operating supplies are carried at the lower of cost (computed on a Weighted Average basis) or net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of fair value of consideration paid including duties and taxes (other than those refundable), inward freight, and other expenditure directly attributable to the purchase. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in determining the cost of purchase.

(h) Financial Instruments:

Financial Assets:

Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial Recognition and measurement:

All financial assets (not measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. However, trade receivable that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transation price. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by considering any discount or premium and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to loans and advances, deposits, trade, and other receivables.

Debt instruments included within the fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement; and either:

- a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- b) Trade receivables.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each Balance Sheet date, right from its initial recognition.

Financial Liabilities

Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 – "Financial Instruments" are satisfied. For liabilities designated as Fair Value through Profit and Loss ("FVTPL"), fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI"). These gains/losses are not subsequently transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised.

Amortised cost is calculated by considering any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the Effective Interest Rate ('EIR'). The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

This category generally applies to interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(i) Provisions and contingent liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognized, when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. If the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is discounted using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation and the unwinding of the discount is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are recognized only when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, due to occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events, not wholly within the control of the Company, or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources, or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made. Obligations are assessed on an ongoing basis and only those having a largely probable outflow of resources are provided for.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements.

(j) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

(k) Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to a customer i.e., on transfer of control of the goods or service to the customer. Revenue from sales of goods or rendering of services is net of Indirect taxes, returns and discounts.

Revenue from operations

Rooms, Food and Beverage & Banquets: Revenue is recognised at the transaction price that is allocated to the performance obligation. Revenue includes room revenue, food and beverage sale and banquet services which is recognised once the rooms are occupied, food and beverages are sold, and banquet services have been provided as per the contract with the customer.

Space and shop rentals: Rentals basically consist of rental revenue earned from letting of spaces for retails and office at the properties. These contracts for rentals are generally of short term in nature. Revenue is recognized in the period in which services are being rendered.

Other Allied services: In relation to the laundry income, communication income, health club income, airport transfers income and other allied services, the revenue has been recognized by reference to the time of service rendered.

Interest: Interest income is accrued on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend: Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the amount is established.

Income from leasing: Rental income receivable under operating leases (excluding variable rental income) is recognized in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease including lease income on fair value of refundable security deposits. Rental income under operating leases having variable rental income is recognized as per the terms of the contract.

Government grants: Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be and the Company will comply with required conditions. Export incentive under Service Exports from India Scheme (SEIS) is accrued when no significant uncertainties as to the amount of consideration that would be derived and as to its ultimate collection exist.

Government assistance in the form of a guarantee from the government for loan from financial institution is considered part of the unit of account in determining the fair value of the loan.

(I) Employee Benefits:

(i) Short-term Obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

Other benefits, comprising of discretionary Long Service Awards and Leave Travel Allowances, are determined on an undiscounted basis and recognised based on the entitlement thereof.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Re-measurements because of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

(iii) Post-employment obligations

The group operates the following post-employment schemes:

a) Defined benefit plans such as gratuity.

The Company accounts for the net present value of its obligations for gratuity benefits, based on an independent actuarial valuation, determined on the basis of the projected unit credit method, carried out as at the Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the other comprehensive income and reflected in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to the statement of profit and loss.

b) Defined contribution plans such as provident fund.

The eligible employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both employees and the Company make monthly contributions at a specified percentage of the covered employees' salary (currently 12% of employees' salary), which is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year. The contributions as specified under the law are paid to the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner.

(m)Income Taxes:

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(i) Current tax:

Current Tax expenses are accounted in the same period to which the revenue and expenses relate. Provision for current income tax is made for the tax liability payable on taxable income after considering tax allowances, deductions and exemptions determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the prevailing tax laws.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.

(ii) Deferred tax:

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in financial statements, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill, an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences in the foreseeable future and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Minimum Alternative Tax ("MAT") credit is recognized as an asset only when and to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a reasonable certainty to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

(n) Borrowing Costs:

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Interest income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to a qualifying asset are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss using the effective interest method.

(o) Cash Flow Statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/ (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of no cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. Cash flow for the year are classified by operating, investing and financing activities.

(p) Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year including potential equity shares, if any, on compulsory convertible debentures. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(g) Segment Reporting:

The Company identifies operating segments based on the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the committee that makes strategic decisions.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Company. Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment.

Inter-segment revenue is accounted on the basis of transactions which are primarily determined based on market / fair value factors. Revenue, expenses, assets, and liabilities which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included under "unallocated revenue / expenses / assets / liabilities".

Note 2A: Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are continually evaluated. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty, and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements pertain to:

- Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets: The Company has estimated useful life of each class of assets based on the nature of assets, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, etc. The Company reviews the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets at the Balance Sheet date. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.
- Impairment testing: Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets are tested for impairment
 when events occur or changes in circumstances indicate that the recoverable amount of the cash
 generating unit is less than its carrying value. The recoverable amount of cash generating units
 is higher of value-in-use and fair value less cost to sell. The calculation involves use of significant
 estimates and assumptions which includes turnover and earnings multiples, growth rates and net
 margins used to calculate projected future cash flows, risk-adjusted discount rate, future economic
 and market conditions.
- Income Taxes: Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is regarded as probable that deductible temporary differences can be realized. The Company estimates deferred tax assets and liabilities based on current tax laws and rates and in certain cases, business plans, including management's expectations regarding the manner and timing of recovery of the related assets. Changes in these estimates may affect the amount of deferred tax liabilities or the valuation of deferred tax assets and their tax charge in the statement of profit or loss.
 - Provision for tax liabilities require judgements on the interpretation of tax legislation, developments in case law and the potential outcomes of tax audits and appeals which may be subject to significant uncertainty. Therefore the actual results may vary from expectations resulting in adjustments to provisions, the valuation of deferred tax assets and therefore the tax charge in the statement of profit or loss.
- Defined benefit plans: The cost of the defined benefit plans and the present value of the defined benefit obligation are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, etc. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

Note 2B: Standards issued but not yet effective:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The amendments are as below:

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - The amendments clarify how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments narrowed the scope of the recognition exemption in paragraphs 15 and 24 of Ind AS 12 (recognition exemption) so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The Company is evaluating the impact, if any, in its financial statements.

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.

Note 3A. Property, plant and equipment

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					Property,	Property, Plant and Equipment	uipment				
	Land	Buildings	Plant & Machinery	Electrical & Electronics	Office Equipment	Computer Server	Computer Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fixtures	Plant & Equipment	Total
Cost											
As at 31 March 2021	829.76	11,478.54	3,354.76	1,627.83	180.57	50.54	94.98	34.18	2,417.31	589.39	20,657.86
Additions											1
Disposals/Adjustments		40.26							10.21		50.47
As at March 31, 2022	829.76	11,438.28	3,354.76	1,627.83	180.57	50.54	94.98	34.18	2,407.10	589.39	20,607.39
Additions			12.15					11.25			23.40
Disposals/Adjustments	65.37	912.82	52.17					11.45	121.93		1,163.74
As at March 31, 2023	764.39	10,525.46	3,314.74	1,627.83	180.57	50.54	94.98	33.98	2,285.17	589.39	19,467.05
Denreciation											
As at 31 March 2021	•	2.078.06	1.830.26	1.131.22	157.64	42.72	92.83	23.05	1.857.55	535.42	7.748.75
Charge for the year	1	457.80	275.93	128.57	10.34	3.07	1.36	3.48	174.82	24.32	1.079.69
Disposals		8.89							8.64		17.53
As at March 31, 2022		2,526.97	2,106.19	1,259.79	167.98	45.79	94.19	26.53	2,023.73	559.74	8,810.91
Charge for the Period		433.89	227.43	95.29	5.68	1.87	0.50	3.10	119.70	13.36	900.82
Disposals		235.71	32.11					8.56	101.04		377.42
As at March 31, 2023	•	2,725.15	2,301.51	1,355.08	173.66	47.66	94.69	21.07	2,042.39	573.10	9,334.31
Net book value											
As at March 31, 2021	829.76	9,400.48	1,524.50	496.61	22.93	7.82	2.15	11.13	559.76	53.97	12,909.11
As at March 31, 2022	829.76	8,911.31	1,248.57	368.04	12.59	4.75	0.79	7.65	383.37	29.65	11,796.48
As at March 31, 2023	764.39	7,800.31	1,013.23	272.75	6.91	2.88	0.29	12.91	242.78	16.29	10,132.74

Component Accounting
Pursuant to notification of the applicability of component approach from the financial year commencing on April 1, 2015, the Company has determined significant components of their assets as at April 1, 2015 and wherever, the useful life of such significant components was different from useful life of the asset the carrying amount attributable to such components as at April 1, 2015 is being depreciated over the revised remaining useful life of such components.

Note 3B. Property, plant and equipment

		Intangible Assets	
	Computer Software	Computer Software - I	Total
Cost			
As at 31 March 2021	184.05	1.51	185.56
Additions			-
Disposals/Adjustments			-
As at March 31, 2022	184.05	1.51	185.56
Additions			-
Disposals/Adjustments			-
As at March 31, 2023	184.05	1.51	185.56
Depreciation			
As at 31 March 2021	157.88	1.48	159.36
Charge for the year	10.29	0.02	10.31
Disposals	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	168.17	1.50	169.67
Charge for the Period	6.24	0.01	6.25
Disposals/Adjustments			-
As at March 31, 2023	174.41	1.51	175.92
Net book value			
As at March 31 2021	26.17	0.03	26.20
As at March 31, 2022	15.88	0.01	15.89
As at March 31, 2023	9.64	-	9.64

Note 3C. Capital Work in Progress

	Maan Resturant	Total
As at 31 March 2021	-	-
-Additions (subsequent expenditure)	-	-
-Capitalised during the year	-	-
-Movement during the year Add/(less)	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	-	-
-Additions (subsequent expenditure)	4.09	4.09
-Capitalised during the year	-	-
-Movement during the year Add/(less)	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	4.09	4.09

Note 4. Investments

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Unquoted		
Investments carried at cost		
Investments in Government or trust securities		
-National Savings Certificate	0.05	0.05
Investments in Equity shares		
In Equity Shares of Rs. 10 Each Fully paid up		
55 655 (8,500) Equity Shares of Aban Green Power Private Limited	5.57	0.85
	5.62	0.90
Total Investments carried at cost	5.62	0.90
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	5.62	0.90

The company has invested in the energy generating companies as per the regulation of Electricity Act. Although the investments are classified as "Equity" shares, as per IND AS 32 –"Financial Instruments, Presentation" the definition of "equity" requires an entitlement in the residual interest in net assets whereas the company as per share holder agreement requires to transfer the shares at cost. However, no changes are given effect to the above as per IND AS 32, since the regulation of Electricity Act does not permit description in any other manner. IND AS 109 requires an equity share other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures to be valued at "Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income" if elected initially or valued at "Fair Value Through Profit and Loss Account". However, on account of what is stated in the previous paragraph, these shares are shown at cost and the fair value is deemed to be the cost.

Note 5. Other Non Current Financial Assets

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Balances held as Margin Money:*		
Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity	299.31	287.58
Interest Accrued on Margin money	-	-
Refundable Deposit (Staff Accommodation)	12.87	8.76
Interest Accrued on Power Deposit	2.71	0.63
	314.89	296.97

^{*}Fixed Deposit amounting to Rs. 0/-Has been placed as debt service reserve in connection with the long term borrowings from Federal Bank.

^{*}Hypothecation charge has been created on Cash and bank balances against the loan taken from Federal Bank.

Note 6. Deffered Tax Asset

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Deferred tax assets		
Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/ amortization charged for the financial reporting		
Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes in subsequent years	7.20	5.19
Unused tax losses/ MAT Credit	2,398.98	2,395.08
Gross deferred tax assets	2,406.18	2,400.27
Deferred tax liabilities		
Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/ amortization charged for the financial reporting	129.10	59.29
Others	31.95	43.81
Gross deferred tax liabilities	161.05	103.10
Net Deferred Tax	2,245.13	2,297.17

Note 7. Other non-current assets

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Capital advances	-	7.64
Deposits with Government authorities	47.69	47.69
Tax Paid on Appeal	14.13	14.13
Prepaid expenses	23.26	25.72
	85.08	95.18

Note 8. Inventories (valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Food and Beverage	37.02	24.34
Others	10.01	10.14
	47.03	34.48

Note 9. Trade receivables

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Unsecured, Considered good		
Trade receivables	344.27	250.21
Receivables from related parties	0.35	23.01
Trade receivables - credit impaired	(0.00)	4.40
	344.62	277.62
Impairment allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful debts)		
Trade receivables - credit impaired	0.00	(4.40)
	344.62	273.22

Trade Receivable Ageing Schedule:	March 3	31, 2023	March 31, 2022 Undisputed Trade receivable		
	Undisputed Tra	ade receivable			
	Considered good	Credit impaired	Considered good	Credit impaired	
a) Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment					
Less than 6 Months	343.68	(0.00)	245.10	4.40	
6 Months to 1 Year	-	-	4.27	-	
1 - 2 Years	-	-	0.24	-	
2 - 3 Years	-	-	-	-	
More than 3 Years	0.59	-	0.60	-	
	344.27	(0.00)	250.21	4.40	
b) Receivables from related parties					
Less than 6 Months			22.67		
6 Months to 1 Year	0.34		1.86		
1 - 2 Years					
2 - 3 Years					
More than 3 Years					
	0.34	-	24.53	-	
	344.61	(0.00)	274.74	4.40	

Note 10. Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Balances with banks:		
- On current accounts	102.23	116.97
Cheques, drafts on hand		
Cash on hand	4.16	5.30
	106.39	122.27

Note 11. Balances at bank other than Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Balances with banks:		
– Deposits with remaining maturity for less than 12 months	0.26	0.26
	0.26	0.26

Note 12. Other Current Financial Assets

(Unsecured, considered good)	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Other receiveable _Point of Sale	40.08	5.92
	40.08	5.92
12 Other current assets		
(Unsecured, considered good)	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Prepaid expenses	55.97	56.33
Advance to Suppliers/Contractors	17.24	9.62
Staff Advance	15.91	13.22
Staff Advance Other assets	15.91	13.22 44.30

Note 13. Share capital

	March 3	1, 2023	March 31	, 2022
	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
Authorised share capital				
Equity shares of Rs.10 each:				
Balance at the beginning of the year	30,00,000	300.00	30,00,000	300.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year				
Balance at the end of the year	30,00,000	300.00	30,00,000	300.00
			•	
0.01% A Series Compulsary Convertible Pref	erance Shares of Rs.	100 each:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	34,00,000	3,400.00	34,00,000	3400.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year				
Balance at the end of the year	34,00,000	3,400.00	34,00,000	3,400.00
0.01% B Series Compulsary Convertible Pref	erance Shares of Rs.	100 each:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,00,000	300.00	3,00,000	300.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year				
Balance at the end of the year	3,00,000	300.00	3,00,000	300.00
Total Balance as on March 31, 2023	67,00,000	4,000.00	67,00,000	4,000.00

Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of director is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General meeting.

In event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital					
March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022					
	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	
Equity shares of Rs.10 each:					
Balance at the beginning of the year	4,03,220	40.32	4,03,220	40.32	
Increase/(decrease) during the year					
Balance at the end of the year	4,03,220	40.32	4,03,220	40.32	

Shares held by holding / ultimate holding and / or their subsidiary / associates

	March 3	March 31, 2023		1, 2022
	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	Held By Holding Compa	any		
Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited	2,01,611	50%	2,01,611	50%
Details of shareholders holding more th	an 5% shares in the co	ompany:		
	March 3	31, 2023	March 3	1, 2022
	No. in lakhs	% holding	No. in lakhs	% holding
Equity shares				
Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited	2.02	50%	2.02	50%
Badri Palaniappan R.	1.05	26%	1.05	26%
Subramanian Investments Pvt Ltd	0.44	11%	0.44	11%

- 1 As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.
- 2 The company does not have any outstanding shares issued under options. For details of shares reserved for issue on conversion of Compulsary Convertible Preference Shares, please refer note related to terms of conversion of preference shares.
- 3 The company does not have any Bonus Share Issued, Share issued for consideration other than Cash and Shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date

Details of Promoters share holding in the Company:						
	April 01	, 2022	Changes during the year		March 31, 2023	
Promoters Name	No. in lakhs	% holding	No. in lakhs	% holding	No. in lakhs	% holding
Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid						
Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited	2.02	50%			2.02	50%
Badri Palaniappan R.	1.05	26%			1.05	26%
Subramanian Investments Pvt Ltd	0.44	11%			0.44	11%
Ramanathan S. (HUF)	0.15	4%			0.15	4%
Palaniappan S.(HUF)	0.15	4%			0.15	4%
Visalakshi R	0.08	2%			0.08	2%
Subramanian Engineering Ltd	0.04	1%			0.04	1%
Pritvi Palaniappan	0.01	0%			0.01	0%
Profile Gears & Engineering Pvt Ltd	0.00	0%			0.00	0%
VCK Share & Stock Brokings Private Limited	0.00	0%			0.00	0%

Instruments entirely equity in nature						
March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022						
	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.		
0.01% A Series Cumulative Compulsary Convertible Preferance Shares of Rs.100 each:						
Balance at the beginning of the year	32,94,000	3,294.00	32,94,000	3,294.00		
Increase/(decrease) during the year						
Balance at the end of the year	32,94,000	3,294.00	32,94,000	3,294.00		

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:						
	March 3	31, 2023	March 3	1, 2022		
	No. in lakhs % holding		No. in lakhs	% holding		
0.01% A Series Cumulative Compulsary Convertible Preferance Shares of Rs.100 each:						
Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited	32,44,000 98% 32,44,000					
W 1 24 2022						
	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022					
	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.		
0.01% B Series Cumulative Compulsary Converti	ble Preferance S	Shares of Rs.100	0 each:			
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,00,000	300.00	3,00,000	300.00		
Increase/(decrease) during the year						
Balance at the end of the year	3,00,000	300.00	3,00,000	300.00		
Details of shareholders holding more than 5%	shares in the co	ompany:				
Brigade Enterprises Limited	1,50,000	50%	1,50,000	50%		
Subramanian Engineering Ltd	1,50,000	50%	1,50,000	50%		

A & B Series Cumulative Compulsary Convertible Preferance Shares holder may at any time prior to expiry of nine years exercise the option to convert to ten equity shares for ever one preference share held. The dividend rights are Cumulative. The preference shares rank ahead of the equity shares in the event of a liquidation.

Details of Promoters share holding in the Company:						
	April 01, 2022		Changes during the year		March 31, 2023	
Promoters Name	No. in lakhs	% holding	No. in lakhs	% holding	No. in lakhs	% holding
"0.01% A Series Cumulative Compulsary Convertible Preferance Shares of Rs.100 each:"						
Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited	32.44	98%			32.44	98%
Subramanian Engineering Ltd	0.50	2%			0.50	2%
"0.01% B Series Cumulative Compulsary Convertible Preferance Shares of Rs.100 each:"						
Brigade Enterprises Limited	1.50	50%			1.50	50%
Subramanian Engineering Ltd	1.50	50%			1.50	50%

Note 14. Other Equity

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
(a) Equity Component of Financial Instruments interest below-mark	et rate:	
Balance at the beginning of the year	159.73	159.73
On Debentures (NCDs) issued during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	159.73	159.73
(b) Securities Premium account:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	8,554.07	8,554.07
Add: Received during the year on issue of equity shares	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	8,554.07	8,554.07
(c) Capital Reserve :		
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.83	0.83
Add: Amount transferred pursuant to Demerger	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	0.83	0.83
(d) Revaluation Reserve (on Land):		
Balance at the beginning of the year	829.06	829.06
Add: Amount transferred pursuant to Demerger	029.00	023.00
Balance at the end of the year	829.06	829.06
butunee at the end of the year	023.00	023.00
(e) General reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	91.41	91.41
Changes during the period	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	91.41	91.41
(f) Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	26.68	19.28
Add: Other comprehensive income ('OCI')	4.55	7.40
Less : Transfer to Retained earnings	(31.23)	-
Balance at the end of the year	0.00	26.68
(g) Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(9,255.72)	(8,010.39)
Add: Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	150.40	(1,245.33)
Add: Transfer from Other comprehensive income ('OCI')	31.23	
. , , ,	(9,074.09)	(9,255.72)
Total Other Equity (a+b+c+d+e+f+g):	561.01	406.06

Note 15. Borrowings

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Non Current (Secured)		
Term Loan from Federal Bank	5,024.91	7,135.45
Working Capital Term Loan Under Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line	3,092.30	2,847.98
	8,117.21	9,983.43
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt	(2,047.81)	(1,848.26)
	6,069.40	8,135.17

The Company have availed three Term Loans with the interest rate of MCLR for 12 months plus spread of 0.65% per annum (Present interest rate is 8.65% reset due on 01/07/2022), which are repayable in 81,71 and 96 Graded Monthly Instalments after 27,16 and 24 repayment holiday period. Repayment ended on November 2024, December 2024 and August 2027.

Term loans are Secured by Equitable Mortgage of land admeasuring 81457 sqft at old Mahabalipuram road, Chennai together with all buildings owned by the Company and hypothecation on entire current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company.

RBI had announced, to ease financial stress due to COVID 19, allowed moratorium for repayments of term loan and interest till August 2020. The company had availed moratorium of repayment. According the repayment ends on June 2025, May 2025 and December 2027. There is no modification gain /loss due to the extension of loan period.

The Company have availed the Two Working Capital Term Loans Under Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) in Dec 2020 and Sept 2021 with the interest rate of repo rate plus spread of 6.35% subject to maximum of 9.25% per annum, (Present interest rate is 8 %) which is repayable in 48 Equated Monthly Instalments from January 2022 and from October 2023 respectively. The Scheme has been formulated as a specific response to the unprecedented situation caused by COVID-19 by the Government of India. The Term loan is 100% Guarantee by The National Credit Guarantee Trustee Company and Secured by first charge on primary securities acquired out of loan and Second charge on land and hypothecation on entire current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company.

There is not change in transaction value of the loan due to the change in fair value of loan due to the guarantee.

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Non – Convertible Debentures		
3,11,590 0.01% Unsecured Unlisted Non- Convertible redeemable debentures of Rs. 100/- each fully paid up	248.89	222.22
2,00,000 A Series 0.01% Unsecured Unlisted Non– Convertible redeemable debentures of Rs. 100/- each fully paid up	147.74	131.90
	396.63	354.12
"The term of the Debentures shall be for 5 years from the date of allotment ("5 years")"	6,466.03	8,489.29

Non-Current Financial liabilities- Borrowings			
	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.	
Current			
Loans Repayable on Demand			
Over draft Facility from a bank (secured) - Federal Bank	238.52	187.46	
Current maturities of long-term debt	2,047.81	1,848.26	
	2,286.33	2,035.72	

Over draft Facility from a Bank is secured collateral by land, buildings and hypothecation entire current assets and movable fixed assets of the Company. The facilities carry interest rate of 9.60% and repayable on demand.

Note 16. Other Non-Current financial liabilities

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Interest free deposits from customers -Lease	16.54	
Income received in advance -IND AS	7.63	
Interest free deposits from customers -Others		
Total other financial liabilities	24.17	-
Other Current Liabilities		
Advance from Customers	21.27	18.41
Statutory dues	29.86	46.13
Inter Unit Balance	-	-
	51.13	64.54

Advance Collections is recognised when payment is received before the related performance obligation is satisfied. This includes advances received from the customer towards rooms/restaurant/Banquets. Revenue is recognised once the performance obligation is met i.e. on room stay/ sale of food and beverage / provision of banquet services.

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
At April	18.41	
At March	21.27	

Revenue recognised during the period that was included in the opening balance of Customer Advances amounted to Rs.18.41

Note 17. Trade Payables

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Trade Payable		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	21.16	15.46
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	65.01	58.46
Un-billed and not due	15.13	16.70
	101.30	90.62

Trade Payable Ageing Schedule:

	March 3	31, 2023	March 3	1, 2022
	Undisputed dues		Undisputed dues	
	MSME	Others	MSME	Others
(a) Outstanding for the following periods from d	ue date of paym	nent		
Less than 1 Year	21.16	64.95	15.46	57.12
1 - 2 Years	-	0.06	-	1.23
2 - 3 Years	-	-	-	-
More than 3 Years*	-	-	-	0.11
	21.16	65.01	15.46	58.46
* Stale Cheque Reversal	,	Note: There a	re no disputed t	rade payables

Note 18. Other current Financial liabilities

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Interest accrued but not due	2.22	(0.00)
Employee benefits payable	117.31	54.93
Interest free deposits from customers -Others	0.80	0.80
Interest free deposits from customers -Lease	8.00	33.00
Other payable	186.61	215.22
Amount payable in respect of Purchase of Fixed Assets	75.45	106.65
	390.39	410.60

Note 19. Provisions

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.	
Non-current			
Provision for employee benefits	18.99	14.75	
Gratuity	5.99	3.36	
Leave Encashment	24.98	18.11	
50			

Current		
Provision for employee benefits	0.56	0.34
Gratuity	0.36	0.19
Leave Encashment	0.92	0.53

Note 20. Revenue from operations

		March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Details of revenue from contracts with customers restatement of Profit and loss.	ecognised by the Co	ompany, net of indirec	t taxes in its
Revenue from operations:			
Rooms, Restaurants, Banquets and other income		4,714.24	2,077.90
Income from Operation is derived from the follow	ing services:		
Room Income		3,165.23	1,331.93
Food, Resturant and Banquet Income		1,470.70	717.50
Others Operating Income		78.31	28.47
	А	4,714.24	2,077.90
Other operating revenue:	·		
Rental Income		104.99	229.20
Export Incentives		-	1.20
	В	104.99	230.40
	A+B	4,819.23	2,308.30

Note 21. Other income

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost:		
Bank deposits	18.22	20.81
Power Deposit	2.08	0.85
Exchange Gain (net)	0.44	0.03
Excess provision for leave encashment reversed		0.85
Profit on sale of PPE	383.81	
Other	11.50	0.69
	416.05	23.23

Note 22. Food and beverages consumed

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
(i) Food and beverages consumed		
Opening Stock	34.48	29.61
Add : Purchases	394.37	202.38
	428.85	231.99
Less : Closing Stock	47.03	34.48
	381.82	197.51

Note 23. Employee benefit expense

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Salaries and wages	660.04	349.31
Contribution to provident and other funds	36.45	22.38
Gratutity	10.77	6.75
Staff welfare expenses	66.97	36.44
	774.23	414.88

Note 24. Depreciation and amortization expense

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Depreciation of tangible assets	900.87	1,062.16
Amortization of intangible assets	6.24	10.28
	907.11	1,072.44

Note 25. Finance costs

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Interest		
Interest on financial assets		
Interest paid to Related Parties	42.55	37.79
Interest paid to Financial Institution	897.96	837.91
Bank Charges	45.49	14.62
Notional Interest on Security Deposit IND AS	0.96	
	986.96	890.32

Note 26. Other expenses

	March 31, 2023 Rs.	March 31, 2022 Rs.
Rent	39.18	19.85
Power and fuel	440.33	300.70
Rates and taxes	130.65	188.47
Insurance	16.61	17.01
Guest transportation	115.16	50.24
Linen and room supplies	12.91	8.56
Linen and uniform washing and laundry expenses	54.36	19.97
Outsourced Support Services	90.48	61.49
Stores Consumed	191.45	87.99
Information technology expenses	37.56	20.75
Audit Fees Remuneration	8.25	7.50
Legal and professional charges	18.88	15.92
Management Fees	190.87	64.92
Repairs to buildings	197.05	65.45
Repairs to machinery	2.65	0.47
Repairs others	0.08	18.06
Selling expenses	227.45	122.10
Printing & Stationery	39.80	11.10
Directors sitting fees	1.20	1.60
Telephone and other communication expenses	16.75	12.71
Travelling and Conveyance	17.95	7.19
Provision for Bad debts/ Bad debts written off	-	9.64
Loss on sale of PPE	3.48	
Miscellaneous expenses	131.37	32.89
	1,984.47	1,144.58

Note 27. Financial ratios

a. Ratio	Current Ratio
Numerator	Current Assets
Denominator	Current Liabilities

Ratios/ Measures	As at	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Current Assets (A)	628	560
Current Liabilities (B)	2,830	2,602
Current Ratio (C) =(A) / (B)	0.22	0.22
%Change from previous year	3.09%	

b. Ratio	Debt Equit	y Ratio	
Numerator		Total Debt [represents current and non-current borrowings]	
Denominator	Shareholde	ers' equity [represents	s total equity]
	·		
D.: (14		As at	
			ut
Ratios/ Measures		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Total debt (A)			
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Total debt (A)		March 31, 2023 8,752	March 31, 2022 10,525

c. Ratio	Debt service coverage ratio
Numerator	Earnings available for debt service
Denominator	Debt service

Ratios/ Measures	As	As at	
Ratios/ Measures	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Profit after tax for the year (A)	150	-1,245	
Add: Non cash operating expenses and finance cost			
Depreciation and Amortisation expense (B)	907	1,072	
Finance costs (C)	987	890	
Earnings available for debt services (D) = (A)+(B)+(C)	2,044	717	
Finance costs (E)	987	890	
Repayment of non-current borrowings (F)	2,514	1,151	
Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities (G)			
Debt service (H) = (E) + (F) + (G)	3,501	2,041	
Debt service coverage ratio (I) = (D) /(H)	0.58	0.35	
%Change from previous year	66.14%		
l			

Hospitality business was effected due to Covid in the Financial Year 2021-22, and subsequently steadily business increases in the Current Year.

d. Ratio	Trade receivables turnover ratio
Numerator	Revenue from operations
Denominator	Average trade receivables

Ratios/ Measures	As at	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Revenue from operations (A)	4,819	2,308
Closing Trade Receivables		
Average Trade Receivables [(opening + closing) /2] (B)	345	273
Trade receivables turnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	13.98	8.45
%Change from previous year	65.52%	

Hospitality business was effected due to Covid in the Financial Year 2021-22, and subsequently steadily business increases in the Current Year.

e. Ratio	Trade payables turnover ratio
Numerator	Total purchases
Denominator Average trade payables	

Ratios/ Measures	As	As at	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Total purchases * (A)	394	202	
Closing Trade Payables			
Average Trade Payables [(opening + closing) /2] (B)	101	91	
Trade payables turnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	3.89	2.23	
%Change from previous year	74.31%		

Hospitality business was effected due to Covid in the Financial Year 2021-22, and subsequently steadily business increases in the Current Year.

f. Ratio	•
Numerator Re	Revenue from operations
Denominator Working capital	

Ratios/ Measures	As	As at	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Revenue from operations (A)	4,819	2,308	
Working Capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities) (B)	-2,203	-2,042	
Net capital turnover ratio (C) = (A)/ (B)	-2.19	-1.13	
%Change from previous year	93.59%		

Hospitality business was effected due to Covid in the Financial Year 2021-22, and subsequently steadily business increases in the Current Year.

g. Ratio	Net profit ratio [%]
Numerator	Profit after tax
Denominator	Revenue from operations

Ratios/ Measures	As at	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Profit after tax for the year (A)	150	-1,245
Revenue from operations (B)	5,235	2,332
Net profit [%] (C) = (A) / (B) *100	0.03	-0.53
%Change from previous year	105.38%	

Hospitality business was effected due to Covid in the Financial Year 2021-22, and subsequently steadily business increases in the Current Year.

h. Ratio	Return on capital employed [%]
Numerator	Earning before interest and taxes
Denominator	Capital Employed (Total equity, Total borrowings and Total lease liabilities)

	As	As at	
Ratios/ Measures	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Profit after tax for the year (A)	150	-1,245	
Adjustments			
Add: Total tax expense (B)	50	-310	
Add: Finance costs (C)	987	890	
Earnings before interest and tax (D) = (A) + (B) + (C)	1,188	-665	
Total equity (E)	4,195	4,040	
Current and Non-current borrowing (F)	6,466	8,489	
Current and Non-current lease liability (G)	2,286	2,036	
Capital Employed (H) = (E) + (F) + (G)	12,948	14,565	
Return on capital employed [%] (I) = (D) / (H) *100	0.09	(0.05)	
%Change from previous year	300.76%		

Hospitality business was effected due to Covid in the Financial Year 2021-22, and subsequently steadily business increases in the Current Year.

The Below mentioned Ratios are not applicable

- i Ratio Return on equity [%]
- j Ratio Inventory turnover ratio
- k. Ratio Return on investment [%]

Note 28. Contingent Liabilities (to the extent not provided for):

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
a) Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt - Income tax	16.00	16.00

Note 29. Commitments:

- (a) As at March 31, 2023, the estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for was Rs. 4 Lakhs (Previous year Rs. Nil Lakhs)
- (b) Arrears of fixed cumulative dividends on irredeemable preference shares Rs. 1.92 Lakhs (Rs.1.56 Lakhs)
- (c) Operating lease commitments Company as lessor

The Company has entered into operating leases (cancellable and non-cancellable) with varying lease terms of up to five years and with escalation and renewal clauses. All leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the lease rental on periodical basis The Company is also required to maintain the property over the lease term.

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Lease rentals recognised as an income in the statement of profit and loss	93.54	213.37

Future minimum rentals receivables under non-cancellable operating leases are, as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Within one year	35.85	-
After one year but not more than five years	83.35	-
More than five years	-	_

Note 30. Employee Benefits:

(a) The Company has recognised the following expenses as defined contribution plan under the head "Company's Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds" (net of recoveries):

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Provident Fund	33.09	20.57

(b) The Company operates post retirement defined benefit plans as follows: Post Retirement Gratuity (unfunded)

The Company operates defined gratuity plan for its employees. Under the plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service. The scheme is unfunded. The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amount recognised in the balance sheet.

(c) Defined Benefit Plans - As per Actuarial Valuation on March 31, 2023: -

(i) Amount to be recognized in Balance Sheet and movement in net liability

Particulars	Gratuity	Gratuity
ratticulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Present Value of Funded Obligations	-	-
Present Value of Unfunded Obligations	19.55	15.09
Fair Value of Plan Assets	-	-
Net (Asset) / Liability	19.55	15.09

(ii) Expenses recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Current Service Cost	9.69	5.04
Past service Cost	-	-
Interest Cost	1.09	1.28
Expected return on Plan Assets	-	-
Effect of the limit on Plan Asset	-	-
Total	10.77	6.32

(iii) Expenses recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Changes in financial assumptions	(0.56)	(0.96)
Changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
Experience adjustments	(5.75)	(9.29)
Actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	-	-
Adjustment to recognise the effect of asset ceiling	-	-
Total	(6.31)	(10.26)

(iv) Reconciliation of Defined Benefit Obligation

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	15.09	19.03
Current Service Cost	9.69	5.04
Interest Cost	1.09	1.28
Changes in financial assumptions	(0.56)	(0.96)
Changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
Experience adjustments	(5.75)	(9.29)
Benefits Paid	-	-
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	19.55	15.09
(v) Actuarial Assumptions		
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Discount rate (p.a.)	7.40%	7.20%
Salary Escalation Rate (p.a.)	8.00%	8.00%

The significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligations (DBO) are discount rate and expected salary increase. The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

	March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022	
Particulars	Discount Rate	Salary Escalation Rate	Discount Rate	Salary scalation rate
Impact of increase in 100 bps on DBO	-12.70%	15.20%	-12.40%	14.70%
Impact of decrease in 100 bps on DBO	15.50%	-12.70%	15.00%	-12.40%

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligations as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumption may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligations has been calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

The defined benefit obligations shall mature after year ended as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Expected benefits for year 1	0.56	0.34
Expected benefits for year 2 to 5 years	3.52	3.13
Expected benefits for year 6 to 10 years	6.53	4.79
Expected benefits for above 10 years	60.83	41.35

Note 31. No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Note 32. Related Party Disclosure:

(a) Name of the related parties and relationship:

SI No.	Name of the Related Parties	Nature of Relation Ship
1	Brigade Enterprises Limited ("BEL")	Ultimate Holding Company
2	Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited ("BHVL")	Holding Company
3	Ms. Nirupa Shankar	
4	Mr. Vineet Verma	
5	Mr. Badri Palaniappan	Directors
6	Ms. Visalakshi	
7	Ms Susan Mathew	
8	Mr Ananda Natarajan	Chief Financial Officer
9	WTC Trades & Projects Private Limited ("WTC")	
10	Brigade Tetrarch Private Limited ("BTPL")	
11	Brigade Properties Private Limited ("BPPL")	
12	BCV Developers Private Limited ("BDPL")	
13	Brigade Hospitality Services Limited ("BHSL")	
14	Brigade Estates & Projects Private Limited (BEPPL")	
15	Brigade (Gujarat) Projects Private Limited ("BGPPL")	Fellow Subsidiary company
16	Celebrations Private Limited ("CPL")	
17	Augusta Club Private Limited ("ACPL")	
18	Brigade Innovations LLP ("BILLP")	
19	Perungudi Real Estates Private Limited ("PREPL")	
20	Brigade Infrastructure & Power Private Limited ("BIPPL")	
21	Mysore Projects Private Limited ("MPPL")	

(b). The following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business: Rs. In Lakhs

Particulars	Company	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Sale of Service/Material	BEL	18.64	64.96
Sale of Service/Material	WTC	0.35	-
Sale of Service/Material	PREPL	8.04	3.88
Reimbursement of Expenses	BHVL	58.25	-
Reimbursement of Expenses	BHSL	-	0.17
Sale of Property	BHSL	444.15	-
Sale of Property	SEL	719.03	-
Interest on NCD	BHVL	0.04	0.04
Interest on NCD	SEL	0.02	0.02
Notional Interest on NCD	BHVL	29.97	26.76
Notional Interest on NCD	SEL	12.53	11.19
Rental Security Deposit Received	BHVL	-	33.00
Rental Security Deposit Paid Back	BHVL	33.00	-
Sale of Service/Material	BHVL	33.00	16.50
Sale of Service/Material	Mr. Badri Palaniappan	0.39	0.80
Sale of Service/Material	Ms. Nirupa Shankar	-	0.07
Sitting Fees	Ms Susan Mathew	1.20	1.60

c. Balance outstanding as on 31-03-2023

Particulars	Company	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
	BHVL	3,244.00	3,244.00	
CCPS	SEL	200.00	200.00	
	BEL	150.00	150.00	
Outstanding Receivable	BEL	0.34	3.84	
Debt component of compound financial	BHVL	279.69	249.72	
instruments (NCD)	SEL	116.94	104.41	
Outstanding Receivable	PREPL	-	1.21	
Outstanding Receivable	BHVL	-	17.82	
Mr Badri Palaniappan	Director	0.01	0.15	

Earnings Per Share (EPS):

Earnings per share is calculated in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 – 'Earnings per Share' – (Ind AS-33):

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Loss after tax attributable to equity shareholders– (Rs. in Lakhs)	150.40	(1,245.39)
Less: Preference dividend	-	-
	150.40	(1,245.39)
Number of Ordinary Shares	4,03,200.00	4,03,200.00
Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares:		
Considered in calculation of Basic EPS	4,03,200.00	4,03,200.00
Considered in calculation of Diluted EPS	4,03,200.00	4,03,200.00
Face Value per Ordinary Share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00
Earnings Per Share (Rs.):		
Basic	37.30	(308.88)
Diluted	37.30	(308.88)

Note 34. Income tax expense

a) Income tax expense in the statement of profit and loss comprises:

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	50.29	(310.43)
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax assets	50.29	(310.43)
(Decrease) increase in deferred tax liabilities		
Total deferred tax expenses/(benefit)	50.29	(310.43)
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	50.29	(310.43)
Other Comprehensive income:		
Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year:		
Income tax relating to re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans	1.76	2.85
Income tax charged to OCI	1.76	2.85

b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting Profit

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Loss from the operation before income tax	200.69	(1,555.82)
Tax at Indian tax rate	55.83	(432.83)
Tax effect on sale of PPE	(3.82)	
Effect on deferred tax balances derecognition on carried forward loss	-	75.68
Other adjustments	(1.72)	46.72
Income tax expense	50.29	(310.43)

c) Significant components of net deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2023, are as follows:

March 31, 2023					
	Opening balance	Recognised / reversed through profit or loss	Recognised in/ reclassified from other comprehensive income	Recognised in/ reclassified from other Equity	Closing balance
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)	in relation to				
Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets	(59.28)	(69.83)			(129.11)
Provision for Employee Benefits	5.19	3.78	(1.76)		7.21
MAT credit entitlement	2.41				2.41
Carry Deprecation Loss	2,392.66	3.93			2,396.59
Fair value of Non-Convertible Debentures	(43.81)	11.83			(31.98)
Total	2,297.17	(50.29)	(1.76)		2,245.12

Significant components of net deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2022, are as follows:

March 31, 2022							
	Opening balance	Recognised / reversed through profit or loss	Recognised in/ reclassified from other comprehensive income	Recognised in/ reclassified from other Equity	Closing balance		
Deferred tax assets / (liabi	lities) in rela	tion to					
Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets	27.00	(86.28)			(59.28)		
Provision for Employee Benefits	6.51	1.53	(2.85)		5.19		
MAT credit entitlement	2.41				2.41		
Carry Deprecation Loss	2,008.03	384.63			2,392.66		
Fair value of Non- Convertible Debentures	(54.36)	10.55			(43.81)		
Total	1,989.59	310.43	(2.85)		2,297.17		

Under the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961, the Company is liable to pay Minimum Alternate Tax in the tax holiday period. MAT paid can be carried forward for a period of 15 years and can be set off against the future tax liabilities. MAT is recognised as a deferred tax asset only when the asset can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realised. Accordingly, the Company has recognised a deferred tax asset of Rs.2.41Lakhs.

Note 35. Financial instruments and risk management

Risk exposures

The Company is exposed to various financial risks arising in the normal course of business. Its financial risk exposures are predominantly related to the creditworthiness of counterparties and risks relating to changes in interest rates.

The company uses financial instruments throughout its business, interest-bearing loans and cash and cash equivalents are used to finance the company's operations. Trade and other receivables, trade payables and accruals arise directly from operations. The company does not trade in financial instruments.

The following tables show the carrying amount of company's financial assets and liabilities

Particulars	March 31, 2023 Amortised cost	March 31, 2022 Amortised cost
Financial assets:		
Investments	5.62	0.90
Cash and cash equivalents	106.39	122.25
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	0.26	0.26
Trade Receivables	344.62	273.23
Other Non - Current financial assets	314.89	296.97
Other Current financial assets*	40.08	5.92
Total	811.86	699.53

	March 31, 2023 Amortised cost	March 31, 2023 Amortised cost
Financial liabilities:		
Long Term Borrowings	6,466.03	8,489.30
Short Term Borrowings	2,286.33	2,035.72
Trade Payables	101.30	90.62
Other non-current financial liabilities	24.17	_
Other current financial liabilities	390.39	410.57
Total	9,268.22	11,026.23

The carrying amounts of the company financial instruments, including cash, receivables etc. approximate fair values due to the short term nature of these account balances.

Estimation of fair values

The principal methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of financial assets and liabilities are explained below.

Cash at bank and in hand

For cash at bank and in hand, the carrying value is deemed to reflect a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Receivables/payables

For the receivables and payables with a remaining term of less than one year or demand balances, the carrying value less impairment provision, where appropriate, is a reasonable approximation of fair value. The non-current receivables carrying value is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Bank loans

For bank loans, the carrying value of variable rate interest-bearing loans and borrowings is equivalent to the fair value as there is no difference between current margins available in the market and the margins the company is paying.

(a) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk arises from granting credit to customers and from investing cash and cash equivalents with banks.

Trade and other receivables

The company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. There is no concentration of credit risk or dependence on individual customers Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on a credit rating scorecard and individual credit limits are defined in accordance with this assessment. Outstanding customer balances are regularly monitored and reviewed for indicators of impairment (evidence of financial difficulty of the customer or payment default). The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk was Rs.345 Lakhs and Rs.278 Lakhs as of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, respectively, being the total of the carrying amount of balances with banks, bank deposits, trade receivables and other financial assets.

Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

Aging of Receivables	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Up to 30 days	233.81	154.31
31 – 60 days	77.81	42.19
61 – 90 days	31.23	16.1
91 – 120 days	0.94	5.1
121 – 150 days	0	23.91
151 days and over	0.63	31.62
Total	344.42	273.23

Management does not expect any significant losses from receivables that have not been provided.

Cash and cash equivalents

In addition to cash at bank and in hand, the company holds margin deposit placed with bank for getting the bank guarantee Cash and cash equivalents give rise to credit risk on the amounts due from counterparties. The maximum credit risk is represented by the carrying value at the reporting date. The company's policy for investing cash is to limit risk of principal loss and to ensure the ultimate recovery of invested funds by limiting credit risk.

(b) Liquidity risk

'Liquidity risk' is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's objective when managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible that it will always have sufficient liquidity to fund its ongoing activities and maintain sufficient financial resources to mitigate against risks and unforeseen events.

The Company consistently generated sufficient cash flows from operations to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due.

The company's treasury function ensures that sufficient resources are available to meet its liabilities as they fall due through a combination of cash and cash equivalents and cash flows.

The company has received sanction order in February 2023 for overdraft facility of Rs 800 Lakhs. outstanding as on 31 March 2023 the Rs.238.52 Lakhs. The facility is due for renewal in October 2023.

The following are the contractual maturities of the company's financial liabilities at 31 March 2023.

March 31, 2023	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd year	Due in 3rd to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Total
Long Term Borrowings	2,047.81	2,698.52	3,370.84	-	8,117.18
Trade and other payables	152.43				152.43
Other financial liabilities	628.91				628.91
Total	2,829.15	2,698.52	3,370.84	-	8,898.52

March 31, 2022	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd year	Due in 3rd to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Total
Long Term Borrowings	1,848.26	2,242.16	5,594.57	652.56	10,337.55
Trade and other payables	155.15				155.15
Other financial liabilities	598.06				598.06
Total	2,601.47	2,242.16	5,594.57	652.56	11,090.76

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices and indices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates will affect the company's income.

The company is exposed to floating interest rates on its debt obligations. The company also exposed to transactional foreign currency risk on trading activities which are not material.

There is no Foreign Currency payable as on March 31, 2023.

Note 36. Micro and Small business enterprises:

There are no Micro and Small enterprises, to whom the company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as of March 31, 2023. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company.

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
The disclosure pursuant to the said Act is as under		
(i) Principal amount (along with payment made to suppliers)	1.14	1
(ii) Interest paid beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
(iii) Interest due and payable for delay in making the payment	-	-
(iv) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	-	-
(v) Further interest remaining due and payable in succeeding years	-	-

Note 37. Details of payments to auditors

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
As auditors:		
(i) Audit fee	6.60	6.00
(ii) Tax audit fee	1.65	1.50
(iii) Other services	0.45	0.90

As per our Report of even date annexed

For **BRAHMAYYA & Co.** Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No: 000511S

K. Jitendra Kumar Partner

Membership No: 201825

Membership No. 201825

Place: Chennai Date: May 11, 2023 For and on behalf of Board of Directors of SRP Prosperita Hotel Ventures Limited

Vineet VermaBadri PalaniappanDirectorDirectorDIN: 06362115DIN: 01692531

Thirumanan RAnanda NatarajanManagerChief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: May 11, 2023 (This space has been intentionally left blank)

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SRP PROSPERITA HOTEL VENTURES LIMITED

Corporate Identification Number (CIN): U55101KA2012PLC099437 **Regd. Office:** 29th Floor, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram - Rajajinagar, Bangalore - 560 055