S.R. BATLIBOI & ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

12th Floor "UB City" Canberra Block No. 24, Vittal Mallya Road Bengaluru - 560 001, India Tel:+91 80 6648 9000

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY AND TO ITS SHAREHOLDERS UNDER THE APPLICABLE TAX LAWS IN INDIA

The Board of Directors Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited 29th & 30th floors, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bangalore - 560055

Dear Sirs,

Statement of Special Tax Benefits available to Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited and to its shareholders under the Indian tax laws

- 1. We hereby confirm that the enclosed Annexures, prepared by Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited ('the Company'), provides the special tax benefits available to the Company and to the shareholders of the Company under the Income-tax Act, 1961 ('the Act'), as amended, i.e. applicable for the Financial Year 2025-26 relevant to the assessment year 2026-27 and presently in force in India (referred as "Direct Tax Laws") ("Annexure 1") and the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 / the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 / relevant State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 read with Rules, Circulars and Notifications prescribed thereunder ("GST Law"), the Customs Act, 1962, the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 read with Rules, Circulars, and Notifications prescribed thereunder ("Customs law") and the Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act,1992, Foreign Trade Policy 2015-2020, Foreign Trade Policy 2023 read with Procedures, Public/ Trade Notices, and Notifications prescribed thereunder ("FTP"), as amended, and presently in force in India (collectively referred as "Indirect Tax Laws") ("Annexure 2"). The Direct Tax Laws and the Indirect Tax Laws, as defined above, are collectively referred to as the "Tax Laws". Several of these benefits are dependent on the Company or its shareholders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant provisions of the Tax Laws. Hence, the ability of the Company and its shareholders to derive the tax benefits is dependent upon their fulfilling such conditions which, based on business imperatives the Company faces in the future, the Company or its shareholders may or may not choose to fulfil.
- 2. The benefits discussed in the enclosed Annexures are not exhaustive and the preparation of the contents stated is the responsibility of the Company's management. We are informed that this statement is only intended to provide general information to the investors and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax consultant with respect to the specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the proposed initial public offer of the equity shares of the Company (the "Proposed IPO").
- 3. We do not express any opinion or provide any assurance as to whether:
 - i) the Company or its shareholders will continue to obtain these benefits in future;
 - ii) the conditions prescribed for availing the benefits have been / would be met with; and
 - iii) the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein.
- 4. The contents of the enclosed Annexures are based on information, explanations and representations obtained from the Company and on the basis of their understanding of the business activities and operations of the Company.
- This statement is issued solely in connection with the Proposed IPO of the Company and is not to be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose. We have no responsibility to update this statement for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this statement.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004



Place: Bengaluru Date: July 07, 2025



Corporate Identity Number (CIN): U74999KA2016PLC095986 Regd. Off.: 29th & 30th Floors, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bengaluru - 560 055.

T: +91 080 4137 9200 E: investors@bhvl.in W: www.bhvl.in

ANNEXURE 1

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY AND TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY UNDER THE DIRECT TAX LAWS

Outlined below are the special tax benefits available to the Company and to its shareholders under the Income-tax Act, 1961 ('the Act') as amended by the Finance Act 2025, i.e., applicable for the Financial Year 2025-26 relevant to the Assessment Year 2026-27, as amended and presently in force in India (together, the "Direct Tax Laws").

A. SPECIAL DIRECT TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY

1. Lower corporate tax rate under section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961

A new section 115BAA has been inserted in the Act by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019 ("the Amendment Act, 2019") w.e.f. April 1, 2020 (A.Y. 2020-21). Section 115BAA grants an option to a domestic company to be governed by the section from a particular assessment year. If a company opts for section 115BAA of the Act, it can pay corporate tax at a reduced rate of 25.168% (22% plus surcharge of 10% and education cess of 4%). Section 115BAA of the Act further provides that domestic companies availing the option will not be required to pay Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) on their 'book profits' under section 115JB of the Act.

However, such a company will no longer be eligible to avail specified exemptions/ incentives under the Act and will also need to comply with the other conditions specified in section 115BAA. Also, if a company opts for section 115BAA, the tax credit (under section 115JAA), if any, which it is entitled to on account of MAT paid in earlier years, will no longer be available. Further, it shall not be allowed to claim set-off of any brought forward loss arising to it on account of additional depreciation and other specified incentives.

The Company has evaluated and opted for the lower corporate tax rate of 25.168% (prescribed under section 115BAA of the Act) with effect from Assessment Year 2024-25.

2. Deduction in respect of inter-corporate dividends - Section 80M of the Income Tax Act, 1961

Up to 31st March 2020, any dividend paid to a shareholder by a company was liable to Dividend Distribution Tax ("DDT"), and the recipient shareholder was exempt from tax under section 10(34) of the Act. Pursuant to the amendment made by the Finance Act, 2020, DDT stands abolished, and dividend received by a shareholder on or after 1st April 2020 is liable to tax in the hands of the shareholder. The Company is required to deduct Tax Deducted at Source ("TDS") at applicable rate specified under the Act read with applicable Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement (if any).

With respect to a resident corporate shareholder, a new section 80M has been inserted in the Act to remove the cascading effect of taxes on inter-corporate dividends during FY 2020-21 and thereafter. The section provides that where the gross total income of a domestic company in any previous year includes any income by way of dividends from any other domestic company or a foreign company or a business trust, there shall, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of this section, be allowed in computing the total income of such domestic company, a deduction of an amount equal to so much of the amount of income by way of dividends received from such other domestic company or foreign company or business trust as does not exceed the amount of dividend distributed by it on or before the due date. The "due date" means the date one month prior to the date for furnishing the return of income under sub-section (1) of section 139 of the Act.

3. Buyback of shares - Section 115QA of the Income Tax Act, 1961

Any amount distributed by the Company pursuant to buyback of shares undertaken prior to October 1, 2024, from its shareholders shall be liable to buyback tax at 23.296% in the hands of the Company on distributed income (buyback price less issue price). Further, such transaction shall be exempt in the hands of the shareholders under section 10(34A) of the Act.

Pursuant to amendment in Finance Act (No.2) 2024, the provisions of section 115QA shall not apply for buy back of shares which takes place on or after October 01, 2024. Thus, there would be no tax on buy back for the Company effective from October 01, 2024.

Further, the Company is required to withhold tax at 10% provided the aggregate amount of dividend to the resident shareholders exceeds \notin 5,000 during the financial year. Further, for non-resident shareholders tax shall be withheld at 20, subject to benefit under Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement.

-	For IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES ONLY	E E
	S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP BENGALURU	- 52



Corporate Identity Number (CIN): U74999KA2016PLC095986 Regd. Off.: 29th & 30th Floors, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bengaluru - 560 055.



T: +91 080 4137 9200 E: investors@bhvl.in W: www.bhvl.in B. SPECIAL DIRECT TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

- Dividend income earned by the shareholders would be taxable in their hands at the applicable rates for resident shareholders. Further, as per Section 115A of the Act, a non-resident (not being a company) or of a foreign company, includes any income by way of Dividend, the amount of income-tax calculated on the amount of income by way of dividends shall be at the rate of 20% subject to fulfilment of prescribed conditions under the Act.
- 2. In case of domestic corporate shareholders, deduction from dividend income would be available under Section 80M of the Act on fulfilling the conditions (as discussed above). Further, in case of shareholders who are individuals, Hindu Undivided Family, Association of Persons, Body of Individuals, whether incorporated or not, surcharge would be restricted to 15% (instead of peak surcharge rate of 37%), irrespective of the amount of dividend.
- 3. In case of dividend income earned by domestic shareholders, reported under the head "Income from other sources", shall be computed after making deduction of a sum paid by way of interest on the capital borrowed for the purpose of investment. However, no deduction shall be allowed from the dividend income, other than deduction on account of interest expense, and in any previous year such deduction shall not exceed 20% of the dividend income under section 57 of the Act. Further, no deduction shall be available against dividend income resulting from buy-back of shares.
- 4. As per Section 112A of the Act, long-term capital gains arising from transfer of an equity share, or a unit of an equity-oriented fund or a unit of a business trust, which takes place before July 23, 2024, shall be taxed at 10% (without indexation) of such capital gains subject to fulfilment of prescribed conditions under the Act and Notification No. 60/2018/F.O.370142/9/2017-TPL dated 1 October 2018. It is worthwhile to note that tax shall be levied where such capital gains exceed ₹ 1,00,000.

Pursuant to amendment in Finance Act (No.2) 2024, long term capital gains arising from the transfer of above securities, which takes place on or after July 23, 2024 will be taxable at 12.5% (without indexation). Further, tax shall be levied where such capital gains exceed ₹ 1,25,000.

 Section 112 of the Act provides for taxation of long-term capital gains. In case of a domestic company/ resident, amount of income-tax on long-term capital gains arising from the transfer of a capital asset which takes place before July 23, 2024 shall be computed at the rate of 20%.

In case of non-resident (not being a company) or a foreign company, the amount of income-tax on long-term capital gains arising from the transfer of a capital asset (being unlisted securities or shares of a company not being a company in which the public are substantially interested), which takes place before July 23, 2024 shall be calculated at the rate of 10% without giving effect to the first and second proviso to section 48.

Further, where the tax payable is payable in respect of any income arising from the transfer of a long-term capital asset, being listed securities or zero-coupon bond, which takes place before July 23, 2024 then such income will be subject to tax at the rate of 10% of the amount of capital gains before giving effect to the provisions of the second proviso to section 48.

Pursuant to amendment in Finance Act (No.2) 2024, long term capital gains arising from the transfer of above securities, which takes place on or after July 23, 2024 will be taxable at 12.5% (without indexation). Further, in case of non-resident, capital gain shall be computed without giving effect to first and second proviso to section 48, except in case listed securities or zero-coupon bond, where first proviso of section 48 is available.

Further, post enactment of Finance Act (No.2) 2024, capital gains arising from transfer of capital assets held for more than 12 months shall be considered as Long term capital gain, else short term capital gain.

6. As per Section 111A of the Act, short term capital gains arising from transfer of an equity share, or a unit of an equityoriented fund or a unit of a business trust which takes place before July 23, 2024 shall be taxed at 15% subject to fulfilment of prescribed conditions under the Act.

Pursuant to amendment in Finance Act (No.2) 2024, short term capital gains arising from the transfer of above securities, which takes place on or after July 23, 2024 will be taxable at 20%.

7. Any payment received by the shareholders from the Company pursuant to buyback of shares undertaken prior to October 1, 2024 shall be exempt under section 10(34A) of the Act. Pursuant to amendment in Finance Act (No.2) 2024, any payment received by the shareholders from the Company on or after October 1, 2024 on account of buy back of shares shall be taxable as dividend as per newly introduced section 2(22)(f). Also, no deduction from such dividend income shall be allowed.

For IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES ONLY S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

BENGALURU

Corporate Identity Number (CIN): U74999KA2016PLC095986 Regd. Off.: 29th & 30th Floors, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bengaluru - 560 055.



T: +91 080 4137 9200 E: investors@bhvl.in W: www.bhvl.in

- Further, section 46A deems full value of sale consideration of shares bought back as nil and consequently, cost of acquisition of shares bought back would be allowed as capital loss unless such shares are held as stock-in-trade. In case, such shares are held as stock-in-trade, cost of acquisition of shares bought back shall be allowed as business loss. In addition, such loss shall be allowed to be carried forward and set off, subject to provisions of section 74 and section 72 of the Act, as the case may be.
- 8. In respect of non-resident shareholders, the tax rates, and the consequent taxation (in relation to capital gains, dividends etc.) shall be further subject to any benefits available under the applicable Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement, if any, between India and the country in which the non-resident has fiscal domicile.

Notes:

- The above statement of direct tax benefits sets out the special tax benefits available to the Company and to its shareholders under the Direct Tax Laws.
- This statement does not discuss any tax consequences in the country outside India of an investment in the Shares. The subscribers of the Shares in the country other than India are urged to consult their own professional advisers regarding incometax consequences that apply to them.
- 3. In respect of non-residents, the tax rates and the consequent taxation mentioned above may be further subject to any benefits available under the applicable Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement, if any, between India and the country in which the non-resident has fiscal domicile.
- This statement covers only above-mentioned tax laws benefits and does not cover any indirect tax law benefits or benefit under any other law.
- 5. These special tax benefits are dependent on the Company/shareholders fulfilling the prescribed conditions under the relevant provisions of the above-mentioned tax laws. Hence the ability of the Company/shareholders to derive the said tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions.
- 6. The special tax benefits discussed in this statement are not exhaustive and is intended only to provide general information to the investors and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult his/her own tax advisor with respect to specific tax consequences of his/ her investment in the shares of the Company.
- 7. This statement is based on the facts and assumptions as indicated in this statement. No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein. This statement is based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to change from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes.

For Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: July 07, 2025



For IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES ONLY S.R. Batlibol & Associates LLP BENGALURU

Corporate Identity Number (CIN): U74999KA2016PLC095986 Regd. Off.: 29th & 30th Floors, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bengaluru - 560 055.

T: +91 080 4137 9200 E: investors@bhvl.in W: www.bhvl.in ANNEXURE 2

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE COMPANY AND TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY UNDER THE INDIRECT TAX LAWS

Outlined below are the special tax benefits available to the Company and to its shareholders under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 / the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 / relevant State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 read with Rules, Circulars, and Notifications prescribed thereunder ("GST laws"), the Customs Act, 1962, the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 read with Rules, Circulars, and Notifications prescribed thereunder ("Customs law") and the Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992, Foreign Trade Policy 2015-2020, Foreign Trade Policy 2023 read with Procedures, Public/ Trade Notices, and Notifications prescribed thereunder ("FTP") (collectively referred as "Indirect Tax Laws").

I. Special tax benefits available to the Company

1. Benefits under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 / the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 / relevant State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 read with Rules, Circulars, and Notifications prescribed thereunder

(i) Benefits of zero-rated supplies under the GST laws

Under the GST regime, supplies of goods or services or both for authorised operations to a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit are zero-rated supplies which can be supplied either with or without payment of Integrated Goods and Services Tax (IGST), subject to fulfilment of conditions prescribed.

As per the provisions of section 16 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 read with section 54 of Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, the exporter has the option either to undertake exports,

- under cover of a Bond/ Letter of Undertaking (LUT) without payment of IGST and entitled to claim refund
 of accumulated input tax credit, subject to fulfilment of conditions prescribed for export, or
- with payment of IGST and entitled claim refund of IGST paid on such exports (except on supply of few notified goods such as Pan masala, tobacco and related products)

The Company avails the aforesaid benefit of zero-rated supply.

(ii) Exemption from payment of tax on interest income earned from bank deposits

The Company is entitled to avail exemption from payment of GST on interest income earned from bank deposits in terms of Entry No. 28(a) of the Notification No. 9/2017Integrated Tax (Rate) dated 28 June 2017, as amended from time to time.

The Company avails the aforesaid exemption on the interest income earned.

2. Benefits under the Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act,1992, Foreign Trade Policy 2015-2020, Foreign Trade Policy 2023 read with Procedures, Public/ Trade Notices, and Notifications prescribed thereunder

Export Promotion Capital Goods

The objective of the EPCG Scheme is to facilitate import of capital goods for producing quality goods and services and enhance India's manufacturing competitiveness.

EPCG Scheme allows import of capital goods for preproduction, production and postproduction without payment of customs duty.

The benefit under this scheme is subject to an Export Obligation (EO) equivalent to 6 times of duties, taxes and cess saved on import of such capital goods, to be fulfilled within 6 years reckoned from the date of issuance of the Authorization.

For IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES ONLY	* G
S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP BENGALURU	111 83 b



Corporate Identity Number (CIN): U74999KA2016PLC095986 Regd. Off.: 29th & 30th Floors, World Trade Center, Brigade Gateway Campus, 26/1, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Malleswaram-Rajajinagar, Bengaluru - 560 055.



T: +91 080 4137 9200 E: investors@bhvl.in W: www.bhvl.in

An EPCG license holder is exempted from payment of whole of Basic Customs Duty, and Integrated Goods and Services Tax and Compensation Cess, wherever applicable, subject to fulfilment of certain conditions.

The Company has obtained few EPCG authorisations during FY 2018-19 and has availed the aforementioned benefits.

3. Benefits under the Customs Act, 1962, the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 read with Rules, Circulars, and Notifications prescribed thereunder

The Company does not avail any benefits under the Customs law.

II. Special tax benefits available to Shareholders

The Shareholders of the Company (in such capacity) are not entitled to any special tax benefits under the Indirect Tax Laws.

Notes:

- The above statement of indirect tax benefits sets out the special tax benefits available to the Company and to its shareholders under the Indirect Tax Laws.
- This statement does not discuss any tax consequences in the country outside India of an investment in the Shares. The subscribers of the Shares in the country other than India are urged to consult their own professional advisers regarding incometax consequences that apply to them.
- 3. In respect of non-residents, the tax rates and the consequent taxation mentioned above may be further subject to any benefits available under the applicable Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement, if any, between India and the country in which the non-resident has fiscal domicile.
- This statement covers only above-mentioned tax laws benefits and does not cover any direct tax law benefits or benefit under any other law.
- 5. These special tax benefits are dependent on the Company/shareholders fulfilling the prescribed conditions under the relevant provisions of the above-mentioned tax laws. Hence the ability of the Company/shareholders to derive the said tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions.
- 6. The special tax benefits discussed in this statement are not exhaustive and is intended only to provide general information to the investors and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult his/her own tax advisor with respect to specific tax consequences of his/ her investment in the shares of the Company.
- 7. This statement are based on the facts and assumptions as indicated in this statement. No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein. This statement is based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to change from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes.

For Brigade Hotel Ventures Limited

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: July 07, 2025



For IDENTIFICATIO	N PURPOSES ONLY
S.R. Batliboi & As BENGALURU	sociates LLP